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Claim Amendments

1. (currently amended) An apparatus, comprising:

a polymeric <u>potting</u> material that <u>abutsencapsulates</u> one or more sensor fibers a fiber optic sensing coil, wherein the polymeric <u>potting</u> material comprises a plurality of voids;

wherein upon an introduction of an applied force to a portion of the polymeric potting material, one or more of the plurality of voids compress to allow the portion of the polymeric potting material to absorb a portion of the applied force and promote a decrease of a reaction force from the portion of the polymeric potting material to one or more of the one or more sensor fibers the fiber optic sensing coil.

- 2. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the compression of the one or more of the plurality of voids promotes a decrease in strain of the one or more of the one or more sensor fibers fiber optic sensing coil due to contact with the polymeric potting material.
- 3. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the plurality of voids in the polymeric potting material promote a decrease in a bulk modulus of the polymeric potting material.
- 4. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein upon a change in temperature, the plurality of voids in the polymeric <u>potting</u> material promote a decrease in a thermal pressure induced on the <u>one-or-more-sensor-fibers-fiber optic sensing coil</u> by the polymeric <u>potting</u> material.
 - 5. (canceled)

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6. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the one or more sensor fibers comprise a sensor fiber coil, wherein the polymeric material comprises a potting compound that encapsulates the sensor fiber coil; wherein the sensor fiber optic sensing coil comprises a first coil portion and a second coil portion, wherein a portion of the polymeric potting compound material separates the first coil portion and the second coil portion, wherein the portion of the polymeric potting empound material comprises the one or more of the plurality of voids;

wherein the one or more of the plurality of voids compress to allow the portion of the polymeric potting compound-material to absorb the portion of the applied force from one or more of the first coil portion and the second coil portion.

- 7. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the one or more of the plurality of voids compress to promote the decrease of the reaction force from the portion of the polymeric potting eempound material to the first coil portion, wherein the reaction force is generated in response to the applied force from the second coil portion.
- 8. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the one or more of the plurality of voids compress to promote the decrease of the reaction force from the portion of the polymeric potting empound material to the first coil portion, wherein the reaction force is generated in response to the applied force from the first coil portion.

9. (currently amend d) The apparatus of claim 6, wherein upon an expansion of the sensor-fiber optic sensing coil, the first coil portion and the second coil portion exert the applied force on the portion of the polymeric potting compound material;

wherein the one or more of the plurality of voids compress to promote a decrease of strain in the first coil portion and the second coil portion due to contact with the portion of the polymeric potting compound material.

10. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 6, wherein first coil portion and the second coil portion comprise adjacent layers of the sensor-fiber optic sensing coil, wherein the first coil portion and the second coil portion are separated by a distance;

wherein the one or more of the plurality of voids in the portion of the <u>polymeric</u> potting eompound material comprise a diameter that is smaller than the distance.

- 11. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein a distribution of the plurality of voids is substantially uniform within the polymeric potting material.
- 12. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein a fiber optic gyroscope comprises the one or more sensor fibers comprise a sensor fiber optic sensing coil of a fiber optic gyroscope, wherein the sensor fiber optic sensing coil senses a rate of rotation for the fiber optic gyroscope.
- 13. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the compression of the one or more of the plurality of voids promotes a decrease in a rotation sensing bias error of the fiber optic gyroscope through promotion of a decrease in a pressure exerted on the sensor-fiber optic sensing coil by the polymeric potting material.

- 14. (original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the plurality of voids comprise a plurality of hollow elastomeric microspheres.
 - 15. (currently amended) An apparatus, comprising:
 - a fiber optic sensing coil of a fiber optic gyroscope; and
- a potting material that encapsulates the fiber optic sensing coil, wherein one or more portions of the fiber optic sensing coil are coated with athe potting material that comprises a plurality of voids;

wherein upon contact with between the fiber optic sensing coil and the potting material, one or more of the plurality of voids compress to promote a decrease in a strain on the fiber optic sensing coil, wherein the decrease in the strain on the fiber optic sensing coil promotes a decrease in a bias error of the fiber optic sensing coil.

16. (original) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein fiber optic sensing coil comprises one or more optical fibers wound about a spool in a plurality of layers, wherein the plurality of layers comprise a first layer and a second layer; wherein a portion of the potting material comprises a buffer between the first layer and the second layer;

wherein the portion of the potting material comprises one or more of the plurality of voids, wherein the one or more of the plurality of voids promote a decrease in pressure exerted between the first layer and the second layer.

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17. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:

bufferingencapsulating one or more sensor fibers in abutment a fiber optic sensing coil within a polymeric potting material through employment of a portion of the polymer material that comprises a plurality of voids to absorb a portion of an applied force; and

accommodating compression of one or more of the plurality of voids in response to the applied force to promote a decrease in a reaction force from the polymeric <u>potting</u> material to one or more of the one or more sensor fibers fiber optic sensing coil.

18. (currently amended) The method of claim 17, wherein the polymeric material comprises a potting compound, wherein the step of buffering encapsulating the one or more sensor fibers fiber optic sensing coil in abutment within the polymeric potting material through employment of the portion of the polymer material that comprises the plurality of voids to absorb the portion of the applied force comprises the steps of:

applying the <u>polymeric potting-compound material</u> to a sensor fiber of the one or more sensor fibers contemporaneously with winding the sensor fiber into a the sensor fiber optic sensing coil; and

buffering a first coil portion from an adjacent second coil portion of the sensor-fiber optic sensing coil with a portion of the polymeric potting compound material that comprises one or more of the plurality of voids.

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19. (currently amended) The method of claim 18, wherein upon an expansion of the sensor-fiber optic sensing coil, one or more of the first coil portion and the second coil portion exert the applied force on the portion of the polymeric potting compound material, wherein the step of buffering the first coil portion from the adjacent second coil portion of the fiber optic sensing coil with the portion of the polymeric potting compound material that comprises the one or more of the plurality of voids comprises the step of:

promoting a decrease of strain in one or more of the first coil portion and the second coil portion due to contact with the portion of the <u>polymeric potting compound material</u>.

20. (currently amended) The method of claim 18, further comprising the steps of:

employing the sensor-fiber optic sensing coil as a rate of rotation sensor in a fiber optic gyroscope; and

promoting a decrease in a rotation sensing bias error of the fiber optic gyroscope by promoting a decrease in a pressure exerted on the sensor-fiber optic sensing coil by the polymeric potting-compound material.

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21. (currently amended) The method of claim 17, wherein the polymeric material comprises a potting compound, wherein the step of buffering encapsulating the one or more sensor fibers fiber optic sensing coil in abutment within the polymeric potting material through employment of the portion of the polymer material that comprises the plurality of voids to absorb the portion of the applied force comprises the steps of:

applying the <u>polymeric potting-compound material</u> to one or more support faces of a spool;

winding a sensor fiber of the one or more sensor fibers around the spool to generate a the sensor fiber optic sensing coil; and

buffering a coil portion of the sensor-fiber optic sensing coil from one or more of the one or more support faces of the spool with a portion of the polymeric potting-compound material that comprises one or more of the plurality of voids.

22. (currently amended) The method of claim 17, wherein the step of accommodating compression of the one or more of the plurality of voids in response to the applied force to promote the decrease in the reaction force from the polymeric potting material to one or more of the one or more sensor fibers the fiber optic sensing coil comprises the step of:

promoting a decrease of strain in one or more of the one or more sensor fibers the fiber optic sensing coil due to contact with the polymeric potting material.

23. (new) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the plurality of voids comprise a plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons, wherein the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons comprise thin walls that encapsulate a gas to allow for compression of the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons.

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24. (new) The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the thin walls of the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons preserve a volume within the polymeric potting material;

wherein upon the introduction of the applied force to the portion of the polymeric potting material, the thin walls of the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons compress to reduce the volume of the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons and absorb a portion of the applied force.

- 25. (new) The apparatus of claim 23, wherein a coupling agent serves to adhere the thin walls of the plurality of hollow elastomeric microspheres with a resin of the polymeric potting material.
- 26. (new) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the fiber optic sensing coil comprises a plurality of layers of a fiber optic cable wound about a spool;

wherein the polymeric potting material with the plurality of voids holds together the plurality layers of the fiber optic sensing coil as a wound unit.

27. (new) The apparatus of claim 26, wherein the polymeric potting material holds a position of a first layer of the plurality layers relative to an adjacent layer of the plurality layers in the wound unit;

wherein the plurality of voids within the polymeric potting material serve to promote compressibility of the polymeric potting material that holds the position of the first layer relative to the adjacent layer.

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- 28. (new) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the plurality of voids comprise a plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons, wherein the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons comprise thin walls that encapsulate a gas to allow for compression of the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons.
- 29. (new) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the fiber optic sensing coil comprises a plurality of layers of a fiber optic cable wound about a spool;

wherein the polymeric potting material with the plurality of voids holds together the plurality layers of the fiber optic sensing coil as a wound unit;

wherein the polymeric potting material holds a position of a first layer of the plurality layers relative to an adjacent layer of the plurality layers in the wound unit;

wherein the plurality of voids within the polymeric potting material serve to promote compressibility of the polymeric potting material that holds the position of the first layer relative to the adjacent layer.

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30. (new) The method of claim 17, wherein the plurality of voids comprise a plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons, wherein the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons comprise thin walls that encapsulate a gas to allow for compression of the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons;

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wherein the step of encapsulating the fiber optic sensing coil within the polymeric potting material that comprises the plurality of voids to absorb the portion of the applied force comprises the steps of:

mixing the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons into a resin of the polymeric potting material to create the polymeric potting material with the plurality of voids; and

potting substantially all of the fiber optic sensing coil within the polymeric potting material to hold the fiber optic sensing coil as a wound unit.

31. (new) A method, comprising the steps of:

winding a fiber optic cable about a spool to form a fiber optic sensing coil that comprises a plurality of layers of the fiber optic cable;

encapsulating the fiber optic sensing coil within a polymeric potting material that comprises a plurality of voids; and

employing the polymeric potting material with the plurality of voids to hold together the plurality layers of the fiber optic sensing coil as a wound unit.

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32. (new) The method of claim 31, wherein the plurality of voids comprise a plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons, wherein the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons comprise thin walls that encapsulate a gas to allow for compression of the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons;

wherein the step of encapsulating the fiber optic sensing coil within the polymeric potting material that comprises the plurality of voids comprises the steps of:

mixing the plurality of hollow elastomeric microballons into a resin of the polymeric potting material to create the polymeric potting material with the plurality of voids; and

potting all or substantially all of the fiber optic sensing coil within the polymeric potting material to hold the fiber optic sensing coil as the wound unit.